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TO: The Honorable Trinidad Navarro
Delaware Insurance Commissioner

FROM: John R. Pedrick, FCAS, MAAA
Vice President – Actuarial Services

DATE: March 16, 2018

SUBJECT: Filing No. 1708, United States Longshore and Harbor Workers ("F" Class) Residual Market Rate Change Due to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017
Proposed Effective June 1, 2018

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) was signed into law. The Delaware Compensation Rating Bureau, Inc. (DCRB) has determined that the changes in Federal tax law within the TCJA have a material impact on rates filed by the DCRB for United States Longshore and Harbor Workers (USL&HW) risks in Delaware. The affected classes are known as Federal Act, or "F" Classes. The Residual Market rates contained in DCRB Filing No. 1704 were approved effective December 1, 2017 (Filing 1704). The changes reduce the provision for profit and contingencies that is incorporated in these rates. As a result, the tax changes have no impact on Voluntary Market loss costs for USL&HW risks.

When Filing 1704 was submitted, approved and implemented, the provision for profit and contingencies was developed through an Internal Rate of Return (IRR) model that incorporated elements of Federal tax law in place at that time. As a result of incorporating the Federal tax law changes in the IRR model, the DCRB proposes the following change to USL&HW Residual Market rates:

Indicated and Proposed Change	
Proposed Effective Date	Residual Market Rates
June 1, 2018	**-3.39%**

This actuarial memorandum provides a discussion of the analysis performed by the DCRB that results in this proposed change.

TAX CHANGES AFFECTING RESIDUAL MARKET RATES

There are three elements of the TCJA addressed in this filing:

1. The maximum corporate tax rate decreased from 35% to 21%.
2. The proration provision for tax-exempt income increased from 15% to 25%.
3. The deduction for qualifying dividends decreased from 70% to 50%.

Other elements of the TCJA are not included because their impact to elements of the DCRB's IRR model is not fully known at this time. For instance, the annual rate used to discount unpaid losses (loss reserves) must be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, and the IRS publishes discount factors based on that rate. The discount rate and related discount factors have not yet been announced. Thus, the DCRB did not change the IRS discount factors used in this analysis. Also, it is not yet clear how the limitation on the deduction for business interest expense will impact the analysis. The DCRB expects that the impact of these, and possibly other elements of the TCJA, will be clarified over time.

Additional details of the treatment of the TCJA changes are discussed below.

DISCUSSION OF THE ANAYSIS AND FINDINGS

The DCRB used the details contained in Filing 1704 as the starting point. That filing was approved by the Department of Insurance with an effective date of December 1, 2017. Contained in this filing are only those elements of Filing 1704 that have changed due to the TCJA. Implementation of the resulting proposed rates would supersede the current rates and would remain in place until the next “F” Class filing, with an anticipated effective date of December 1, 2019. As mentioned above, the changes have no effect on loss costs, which are in place for the Voluntary Market and underlie the Residual Market rates.

Indicated Change in Residual Market Rates

Exhibit 1 illustrates the changes due to the TCJA and the calculation of the indicated incremental change, as summarized in the following table. The filed and approved changes are the originally indicated changes based on DCRB’s analysis of experience in Filing 1704.

The column labeled “Indicated Change with New Tax Provisions” is based on the original DCRB analysis. This illustrates that only Residual Market rates are impacted. Since the approved changes have already taken place, the additional change necessary to implement the Indicated Change with New Tax Provisions is shown in the column labeled “Indicated Incremental Change.” This can also be found in Exhibit 1, Line (10b).

	Filed & Approved Change	Indicated Change with New Tax Provisions	Indicated Incremental Change
Residual Market Rates	-0.43%	-3.81%	-3.39%
Voluntary Market Loss Costs	-3.66%	-3.66%	No Change

The Impact of the Change in the Underwriting Profit and Contingencies Provision

The DCRB uses an IRR model to determine a provision for underwriting profit and contingencies. The model is provided by an independent economic consultant. Due to the TCJA, the underwriting profit and contingencies provision changed from +2.36% to -0.27%, resulting in a lower provision for underwriting expense. When underwriting expenses decrease, a greater portion of the premium dollar is available to pay losses and loss adjustment expense (LAE). This effect can be seen in the next table. Total underwriting expenses decreased from 29.71% to 27.24%. This increased the portion of the premium dollar available for loss and loss adjustment expense from 70.29% to 72.76%. This portion is also known as the Permissible

Loss and LAE Ratio, which is used in Exhibit 1, Line (7), and has a direct impact on the overall indicated change in Residual Market rates.

Delaware "F" Classes Rate Component	Breakdown of the Premium Dollar Using Prior Tax Provisions	Breakdown of the Premium Dollar Using TCJA Tax Provisions
Losses	58.15%	**60.20%**
Loss Adjustment Expense	12.14%	**12.56%**
Total Loss & LAE* (Permissible Loss & LAE Ratio)	70.29%	**72.76%**
Underwriting Expenses Other Than FA**, and UWP&C†	22.84%	22.84%
Federal Assessment (FA)	4.51%	**4.67%**
Underwriting Profit and Contingencies (UWP&C)	2.36%	**-0.27%**
Total Underwriting Expense	29.71%	**27.24%**

The following percentages are applied to losses to produce the percentages of premium shown above:
* LAE, 20.87%
** FA, 7.75%
† Commission, Other Acquisition, General Expenses, Premium Discount, State Premium Tax, Other State Tax, Uncollectible Premium

Impact of the TCJA on the IRR Model

The IRR model is shown in Exhibit 4, and consists of two steps. First, the Cost of Capital is determined as the average of the results of a Capital Asset Pricing Model and a Discounted Cash Flow model. The result, 8.71%, is the estimated return need on the capital necessary to support writing workers compensation insurance.

The second step involves a Discounted Cash Flow model. Cash flows for underwriting operations and for investment income on unearned premium reserves, loss reserves and the surplus required to support the business are used to determine the provision for profit and contingencies that produces the cost of capital identified above.

Incorporating the provisions of the TCJA produced a provision for profit and contingencies of -0.27%.

Other Changes

The changes in the distribution of losses and expenses also impact the tax multiplier used for retrospective rating. The tax multiplier changed from 1.1269 to 1.1287.

CLOSING COMMENTS AND QUALIFICATIONS

This filing uses the submitted, accepted and implemented analysis found in Filing 1704, and incorporates the changes due to the TCJA. The Residual Market rates that result from this approach reflect the most recent available experience indications and underwriting expenses in Delaware. The DCRB respectfully requests a timely review of this filing, allowing implementation on a new and renewal basis **effective June 1, 2018**. A timely review will allow advance notice of final residual market rates to all participants in the Delaware marketplace. Toward that objective, the DCRB will be pleased to answer any questions or provide any available supplementary information that may be necessary.

This filing has been developed by and under the direction of John R. Pedrick, FCAS, MAAA and Kenneth M. Creighton, ACAS, MAAA. They both meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to provide the actuarial opinion contained within this filing.

Please direct all questions to:

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INDEX OF EXHIBITS

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